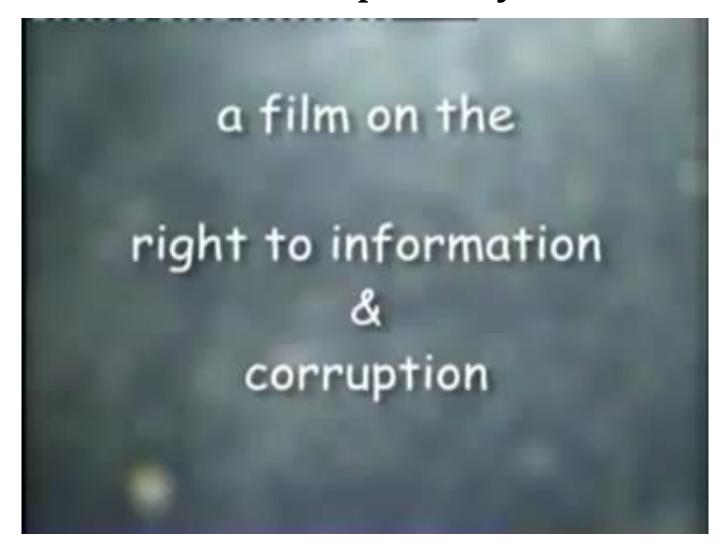


Information Access in the Digital Age - the case of RTI & Open Data

- Information/Data access is limited by varied factors
- RTI & Open Data have contributed a great deal to democratization of access
- Information Asymmetry leads to multiple issues
- You are at the forefront of enabling access



Movement for Transparency



RTI – 16 years on



- < ~ 7 million applications annually (only 10% women applicants)
- Varied Users & user groups
- Few public authorities receive bulk of the applications
- © Better implementation directly linked to Political & Bureaucratic
 Intent
- Most applications for grievances & proactive disclosure related issues
- Only reactive disclosure, very little progress on proactive

Numbers related to RTI applications



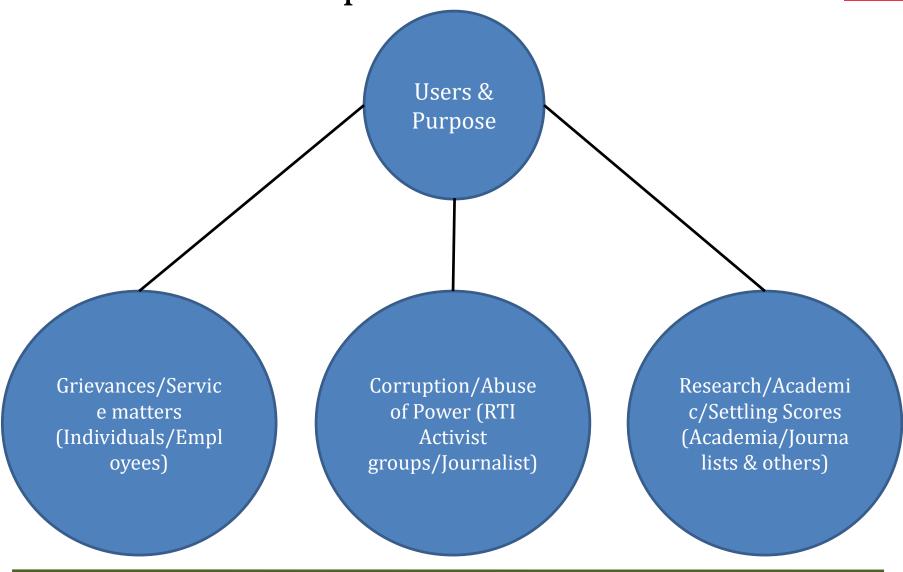
- Ministry of Finance (1.7 lakh in 2020-21)
- Ministry of Communications, Railways, Labour & Employment, MHRD (close to a lakh each in 2020-21)
- At the state level Revenue, School Education, Panchayati Raj, Municipal Administration etc.

Audit of Proactive Disclosures



- To assess, quantitative and qualitative compliance by PAs of the mandated suo motu disclosures under Section 4 of the RTI Act;
- To identify the areas for improvement in information disclosure by PAs; and,
- To suggest measures for improving the content and quality of the disclosures as well as to identify the areas requiring special focus or impetus in terms of disclosures.

RTI – Users & Purpose



Issues



- Allegations of Misuse
- Record Management
- Understanding Information needs. Towards customized 'Proactive Disclosure' – even to counter 'Misinformation'
- Grievance Redressal/Service matters & other such expectations from RTI
- Basket of Measures Need of the hour
- Role of 'Open Data'

Essential elements of Proactive Disclosure

- Available through multiple channels (forms)
- § Findable/Searchable
- Relevant
- Comprehensible
- Cost of access
- Up to Date
- Examples: <u>Jan Soochna</u> (RAJ), <u>Mahiti Kanaja</u> (KAR)

Open Data



- The Gol Policy & other State Policies
- Challenges
 - Culture of Secrecy
 - Lack of the big picture
 - Lack of Capacity & Understanding
 - Fear
 - Reliability
 - Lack of Granularity & Localization
 - Lack of Standards

Government & Official Data Sources



- **q** The Census
- The Agricultural Census
- Representative Surveys
 - NFHS National Family Health Survey
 - DHS Demographic Health Survey
 - NSS National Sample Survey
 - SRS Sample Registration System
 - CRS Civil Registration System
 - PLFS Periodic Labour Force Survey
- Annual Surveys or Reports
 - Annual Survey of Industries
 - Annual Employment Unemployment Survey
 - Statistical Year book of MoSPI
 - National Accounts Data
 - NCRB Reports
 - Annual Reports of Ministries/Departments/Organizations
 - Annual Statistical Publications by States
 - CACP reports for MSP

Government & Official Data Sources



- Lok Sabha & Rajya Sabha Questions (more than 5 lakh)
- Parliament Standing Committee reports
- Ministry/Department Websites (MHA padma, casualties, IAS IPR etc.)
- Press Information Bureau & NITI Aayog (aspirational districts)
- Official Gazette
- CAG Reports & annual reports/outcome budget reports of ministries
- Large scheme specific websites and relevant reports
- State Level
 - Directorate of Economic & Statistics (Eco Stat)
 - State Archives & State Gazettes & Legislative Assembly Questions
 - State Level reports & DISE Data
 - Scheme specific websites
 - Department websites & annual reports
- Q Open Data portals

Way Forward



- Have an 'Open Mind'
- Follow the 'Spirit' not the 'Letter'
- Q Put yourself in the applicant's shoe
- Provide comprehensive information not piecemeal, think of the potential conflicting information
- Always prioritize 'Public Interest'
- Focus on customized 'Proactive Disclosure' don't limit yourself to Section 4

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